



GAS



Gül calls on Russia to jointly build Samsun – Ceyhan pipeline

Date : 29.02.2008

Source : Turkish Daily News

<http://www.turkishdailynews.com.tr/article.php?enewsid=97687>

Turkey has invited Russia to join the construction of an oil pipeline, bypassing the congested Turkish straits, through Anatolia, President Abdullah Gül said yesterday. *“We want to create the Samsun-Ceyhan oil pipeline with Russia,”* said Gül, expressing Ankara’s wish to boost energy ties with Moscow.

Samsun-Ceyhan, a pipeline project of Ankara, is designed to transfer Russian oil to world markets but has not got Moscow’s backing due to two sides’ confrontation. *“I think our cooperation in the field of energy will develop further. We can definitely realize the Blue Stream 2 project,”* said Gül. Russia was long pressing Turkey to carry out the Blue Stream 2 project that would supply Europe with its own natural gas reserves.

OIL



Istanbul to host energy meeting of Iraq, Turkey, US

Date : 28.02.2008

Source : Today’s Zaman

<http://www.todayszaman.com/tz-web/detaylar.do?load=detay&link=135104>

Iraqi, Turkish and US officials are scheduled to meet in İstanbul on Saturday for a meeting that will focus on energy issues amid frenzied diplomatic correspondence between Ankara, Baghdad and Washington concerning Turkey’s ongoing military operation inside northern Iraq to eliminate the outlawed PKK based there.

While the United States will be represented by Matt Bryza, US deputy assistant secretary of state for European and Eurasian affairs, at the meeting, Turkey is likely to be represented by Murat Ozelik of the Foreign Ministry, the deputy of Turkey’s special envoy for Iraq, US and Turkish officials told. Iraqi officials could not be reached for information on the issue. Officials will focus on ways of transporting Iraqi natural gas to the European market through Turkey.

The Saturday meeting is being arranged within the context of an expanded platform of Iraq’s neighbors. In November, İstanbul hosted a foreign ministerial level meeting of this platform consisting of Iraq’s neighbors, permanent members of the UN Security Council and the G8 group of countries.

Turkey offers oil pipeline to India



Date : 27.02.2008

Source : Asia Times (Sudha Ramachandran)

http://www.atimes.com/atimes/South_Asia/JB27Df03.html

Turkey has offered - during a visit by Foreign Minister Ali Babacan to India this month - to facilitate the supply of oil to India from Central Asia via Israel. Under the plan, oil transported through Turkey from Central Asia to its Ceyhan port would be sent across the Mediterranean Sea by tanker to Israel's port of Ashkelon.

There it would be fed into Israel's Ashkelon-Eilat 254-kilometer pipeline. From Eilat port, again by tanker, it would be sent through the Gulf of Aqaba and the Red Sea via the Gulf of Aden and the Arabian Sea to India. Neither Israel nor the US have commented on the proposal. The Turkish offer holds out the promise of a well-established route by which energy-hungry India could access Central Asian reserves.

India imports about 70% of its oil requirements, a dependence that may increase to over 91% by 2020. About 45% of present needs comes from the Gulf Cooperation Council countries - Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates - according to Indian Planning Commission figures, and if one includes oil imports from other parts of the Middle East, the region accounts for about 67% of India's oil imports.

The 1,768-kilometer Baku-Tbilisi-Ceyhan pipeline, which carries a million barrels of oil a day from Azeri and Kazakh oil fields and the Caspian Sea - the world's third-largest oil and gas reserve - to the Turkish Mediterranean port of Ceyhan, has been in operation since 2006.

The Ashkelon-Eilat pipeline, also known as the Trans-Israel pipeline or Tipline, has been functioning for several years. Built in 1968 to transport oil from Iran - then under the Shah - to Israel, it was largely unused except to carry transshipments of Egyptian oil. In other words, it carried oil from the Red Sea to the Mediterranean. The direction of the flow was reversed a few years ago when Russia began transporting oil through Israel's overland pipeline. It was then picked up by tankers that traveled through the Gulf of Aqaba and the Red Sea to Asian markets.

Using the Ashkelon-Eilat pipeline and the Gulf of Aqaba would let India's supplies skip the Suez route, with several advantages. Israeli ports, already supplied by super tankers, accommodate larger vessels than those that can pass through the Suez Canal, and tariffs for the Ashkelon-Eilat pipeline are lower than those charged by Egypt for shipping through the Suez, itself a more congested route than the Gulf of Aqaba. Costs could fall further if a proposed undersea pipeline connecting Ceyhan with Israel goes ahead. Babacan said in Delhi that a feasibility report on the project will be conducted soon.

A supply deal with Turkey would extend India's links with both that country and Israel. The Indian Oil Corporation has picked up a 12.5% stake in a pipeline from Turkey's Black Sea port of Samsun to the Ceyhan pipeline, while India's ties with Israel have already deepened dramatically over the past decade or so.



Iraq oil exports via Turkey unaffected by fighting

Date : 25.02.2008

Source : Turkish Daily News

<http://www.turkishdailynews.com.tr/article.php?newsid=97304>

Iraqi exports of 300,000 barrels of oil per day via Turkey have not been affected by the Turkish military's ground operation into the country's border, the Iraqi oil ministry said Saturday. *"Iraqi oil exports are flowing normally through Ceyhan, and military operations did not effect it,"* the ministry's spokesman Aasim Jihad told.

"Iraq and Turkey are serious about continuing Iraqi oil exports. This is about 300,000 barrels of crude per day through Ceyhan," Jihad said. Turkish troops launched a ground operation into northern Iraq Friday to hunt down outlawed PKK terrorists, triggering concern in international oil markets. Most of Iraq's oil, a further 1.6 million barrels per day, is exported through the southern port of Basra but the fighting in the north this week helped push oil prices in New York up to 98.81 dollars per barrel.



Crude oil prices fall to under \$100

Date : 29.02.2008

Source : Turkish Daily News (AP)

<http://www.turkishdailynews.com.tr/article.php?newsid=97674>

Oil prices fell further yesterday after dropping by more than a dollar in the previous session on larger-than-expected increases in U.S. crude and gasoline supplies. Prices remained supported near Tuesday's record close of \$100.88 a barrel as the U.S. dollar tumbled to fresh lows against the euro.

The report by the U.S. Energy Department's Energy Information Administration showed that country's crude oil inventories rose by 3.2 million barrels, or 1 percent, to 308.5 million barrels. Although that number is slightly lower than levels a year ago, it is well ahead of the 2.4 million barrel gain analysts had been expecting, according to a survey by Dow Jones Newswires. It was the seventh straight week the report showed a rise in crude inventories, suggesting the U.S. at least has more than enough oil to meet demand.

Light, sweet crude for April delivery lost 36 cents to \$99.28 a barrel in Asian electronic trading on the New York Mercantile Exchange, late afternoon in Singapore. The contract fell \$1.24 to settle at \$99.64 a barrel Wednesday after surging as high as \$102.08 a barrel, a trading record. On Tuesday, the contract jumped \$1.65 to settle at \$100.88 a barrel.



Hungary to join South Stream

Date : 29.02.2008

Source : Turkish Daily News (Agence France-Presse)
<http://www.turkishdailynews.com.tr/article.php?enewsid=97673>

Hungary was yesterday to become the latest country to sign up to Russia's ambitious South Stream gas pipeline project during a visit to Moscow by Prime Minister Ferenc Gyurcsany, the Kremlin said. The statement said that the two sides would sign an *"inter-governmental agreement on cooperation in creating a gas pipeline for transporting natural gas through Hungary."*

"This allows Hungary's inclusion in the planned construction of the South Stream main gas pipeline project," the statement said. It added: *"As a member of the European Union and NATO, Hungary is pursuing a pragmatic course in the international arena and enhancing its reputation as a predictable and reliable partner, consistently taking a constructive position on questions of cooperation with Russia."* This year Moscow has signed deals with Bulgaria and Serbia, including them in South Stream.



Gaz de France says not in talks with Gazprom on South Stream

Date : 28.02.2008

Source : Turkish Daily News (Bloomberg)
<http://www.turkishdailynews.com.tr/article.php?enewsid=97595>

Gaz de France (GdF) is still interested in joining the Nabucco pipeline project and isn't in talks with Russia's OAO Gazprom about working on the rival South Stream gas link. GdF has so far been excluded from participating in the planned Nabucco venture for 'political considerations,' CEO Jean-Francois Cirelli said.

"If the consortium decides it wants the biggest gas company in Europe, we will go with them." Gaz de France has said it is keeping all its options open and would consider joining Nabucco if asked in the future. *"We have not started talks with Gazprom on South Stream,"* Chief Operating Officer Jean-Marie Dauger said at a meeting of analysts. The French utility has officially withdrawn its candidature for Nabucco because it wasn't progressing, he said.

BOTAS said Nabucco doesn't need a seventh company to join the venture, Reuters said. Accepting German RWE as the sixth partner makes Nabucco *"crowded enough,"* BOTAS Chief Executive Saltuk Düzyol told Reuters in an interview. Düzyol didn't rule out eventually bringing on a seventh partner, Reuters also said.



European Parliament members split over grid unbundling options

Date : 28.02.2008

Source : Platts

<http://www.platts.com/Natural%20Gas/News/8559966.xml?p=Natural%20Gas/News&sub=Natural%20Gas>

Members of the European Parliament are split on whether there should be full unbundling of energy supply from grid businesses as proposed by the European Commission in September last year.

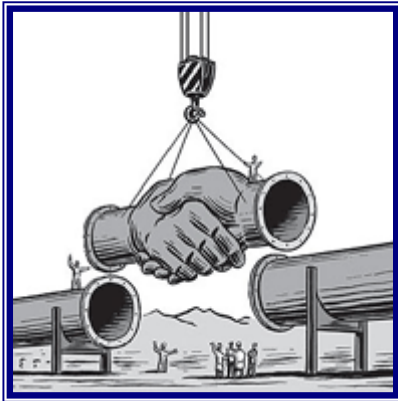
The discussion centered on a draft report presented to the EP's industry committee on responses to the EC's proposals. Presented by Eluned Morgan, the UK Labour MEP who was the European Parliament's rapporteur on the electricity directive, the report supported the EC's preferred option of full ownership unbundling of grid assets as the best way of ensuring a competitive energy market.

"Full ownership unbundling [is] the only model that can ensure fair competition and avoid conflict of interest," Morgan said. Her report opposed the EC's alternative option of creating independent system operators to manage grid assets, with the grid owners becoming sleeping partners. That option, Morgan said *"implies bureaucracy and costly regulatory control"*. Swedish MEP Gunnar Hokmark from the conservative EPP-ED grouping agreed with Morgan that getting rid of the ISO option *"may be a good thing,"* but a French MEP from the liberal ALDE grouping said she saw *"no advantage in unbundling"* and instead favored more power for national regulators.

A group of eight countries led by France and Germany has proposed a *'third way'* alternative to unbundling, where integrated utilities could keep their grids under stronger regulatory supervision and safeguards. Czech EPP-ED member Jan Brezina said that unbundling would have no effect on competition in gas markets where Russia's Gazprom is the only source of gas. *"In many new member states we are dependent on one supplier -and in that context unbundling cannot help us,"* he said, adding that the priority should be diversification of suppliers. *"Only then can we talk about unbundling,"* Brezina said.

Morgan's report also considered the European Commission's proposed legislation on climate change, particularly new national targets to increase the share of renewable energy in primary energy consumption by 2010, which range from 10% in Malta to 49% in Sweden. Morgan proposed an amendment that would make system operators *"give priority to generating installations using renewable energy sources."* And she called for the imposition of price caps for a limited period in uncompetitive markets to ensure that by 2020 *"no company may hold more than 20% of the relevant market."*

This proposal was opposed by Gunnar Hokmark and Spanish MEP Alejo Vidal-Quadras, also from the EPP-ED. While accepting that vulnerable customers should be protected, *"we cannot distort markets,"* Vidal-Quadras said. Reports put forward by Vidal-Quadras, Romano Maria La Russa and Renato Brunetta will be discussed Thursday and the committee is to vote on all the reports in May, a statement from the European Parliament said.



Russia and Serbia sign natural gas pipeline deal

Date : 25.02.2008

Source : Oil & Gas Journal (Eric Watkins)

http://www.ogj.com/display_article/321071/120/ARTCL/none/Trasp/1/Russia-Serbia-sign-natural-gas-pipeline-deal/

Russia has signed several agreements for oil and gas with Serbia. In the main development, Russia and Serbia signed an agreement to create a joint company that will build the Serbian stretch of the South Stream gas pipeline.

According to Dmitry Medvedev, the apparent successor to Russian President Vladimir Putin, the South Stream pipeline deal, valued at some \$1.5 billion, will “*form the foundation of energy stability for all of Europe in the future.*” The statement followed the decision by the US and several member states of the European Union to recognize the declaration of independence made by the former Serbian state of Kosovo.

Regarding the South Stream agreement signed by OAO Gazprom Chief Executive Alexei Miller and his Srbijagas counterpart, Sasa Ilic, the new company would draft all details for the pipeline over the next 18 months, including the rights and obligations of the Russian-Serbian enterprise. The \$14.65 billion South Stream project by Gazprom and Italy’s Eni SpA is designed to carry Siberian gas to Western Europe at a capacity of at least 10 billion cu m/year.

“*We allocate 3 months for the creation of the company, and another 18 months for the feasibility study,*” said Gazprom spokesman Sergei Kupriyanov. “*We expect construction to start no later than 24 months after the feasibility study has been completed,*” he said. Kupriyanov said it is important to negotiate with all the countries participating in the pipeline Project -Russia, Italy, Bulgaria, and Serbia, with Bosnia and Greece as possible partners- “*so that the feasibility study is integrated.*”



Edison SpA to hold talks with Azerbaijan on gas supplies

Date : 25.02.2008

Source : Turkish Daily News

<http://www.turkishdailynews.com.tr/article.php?newsid=97325>

Italian Edison SpA will hold talks with Azerbaijan to launch project of pipeline between Greece and Italy, the company’s CEO Umberto Guadrino said. Guadrino said they consider Azerbaijani gas as an important source for operation of the pipeline. The company has planned to study preliminary results of the talks until June.



Egypt to Syria gas link near completion

Date : 25.02.2008

Source : Today's Zaman (Reuters)

<http://www.todayzaman.com/tz-web/detaylar.do?load=detay&link=134841>

Commercial volumes of gas will start flowing from Egypt to Syria in August through an Arab gas pipeline that is near completion, regional energy officials said on Saturday. Testing of the pipeline from Al-Arish in Egypt to Deir Ali in Syria is due to commence in March.

Supplies will gradually rise from 90 million cubic meters a year in August to a 2 billion maximum, depending on Syria's needs, they said. *"This is the first Arab network of its kind, representing an economic success as well as a political one,"* Egyptian Oil Minister Sameh Fahmy told reporters in the Syrian capital.

The project was agreed in 2000, to supply Egyptian gas to Jordan, Lebanon and Syria, which has not developed enough of its gas reserves to cover domestic demand. The pipeline could link to Turkey as early as the fourth quarter of 2009 and eventually supply the European Union through the Nabucco pipeline project, which will run from the Caspian area to Western Europe across Turkey.



Turkmenistan wants to sell gas to Europe

Date : 26.02.2008

Source : Today's Zaman (AP)

<http://www.todayzaman.com/tz-web/detaylar.do?load=detay&link=134912>

Turkmenistan plans to intensify efforts to export its energy resources to Europe, the country's president told a high-level German delegation Monday. The announcement offers a glimmer of hope to the EU, which has struggled to gain firm assurances of direct access to the natural gas-rich Central Asian nation's gas supplies.

President Gurbanguli Berdimuhamedov indicated that his government is exploring ways to capitalize on the country's vast hydrocarbon reserves. *"Turkmenistan is an economically developed state with huge hydrocarbon resources. We believe it is now important to step up our foreign economic relations,"* Berdymukhamedov told Germany's Technology and Economics Minister Michael Glos.

Items on the agenda included the EU-sponsored Nabucco pipeline, a project aimed at bringing more gas to Europe from the Caspian Sea region, according to officials who spoke on condition of anonymity because they were not authorized to speak to the media.



BP confident to achieve 4 million b/d by 2020

Date : 28.02.2008

Source : Oil & Gas Journal (Uchenna Izundu)

http://www.ogj.com/display_article/321501/120/ARTCL/none/GenIn/1/BP-confident-to-achieve-4-million-b/d-by-2020/

BP PLC expects to produce at least 4 million b/d of oil until 2020 even without new discoveries or access to new opportunities, the company's CEO, Tony Hayward said. Hayward is confident that BP can improve on these figures as it has invested up to \$1 billion in exploration this year if oil prices fell to \$60/bbl.

During a presentation to financial analysts, Hayward said the company has proved reserves of 17.8 billion bbl having replaced its annual production by 112%. It also added some 2.4 billion new bbl to its nonproved resource base which now stands at a further 42.1 billion boe. Assuming a \$60/bbl oil price, the strength of this position -reinforced by recent access to new opportunities in Oman, Libya, and Colombia, along with heavy oil in Canada- supports production potential of around 4.3 million b/d by 2012, Hayward said.

In 2008, BP will spend \$21-22 billion, up from \$19 billion in 2007 because of sector inflation and growth. Some \$15 billion was earmarked for upstream, \$5 billion for downstream and \$1.5 billion for the other businesses, including Alternative Energy. In its downstream business he said the company now had a clear, step-by-step plan to close the performance gap with rivals over the medium term, focusing spend on manufacturing over marketing and aiming for an improvement in pre-tax profits of up to \$4 billion within 3-4 years, assuming an average refining margin of \$7.50/bbl.



Iran and CNOOC ink gas deal worth \$16 billion

Date : 26.02.2008

Source : Rigzone (Kerry Laird)

http://www.rigzone.com/news/article.asp?a_id=57378

Iran and China National Offshore Oil Corporation (CNOOC) will officially sign a \$16 billion contract on Feb. 27 to develop one of the Pars fields, according to Iran Oil Ministry. The contract seals the deal to develop the North Pars field. The field holds around 48 Tcf and is considered to be Iran's second largest gas field.

Iran's South Pars field is the country's largest. Ministry reports that the North Pars field actually holds 80 Tcf. The Iranian news agency claims the field could produce up to 1.2 Bcf/d with each phase of development. Iran plans to export the gas from the North Pars field as LNG. In December 2007, another Chinese oil company signed a deal with Iran to develop Iran's Yadavaran oil field.



StatoilHydro ships first LNG cargo to US

Date : 25.02.2008

Source : Oil & Gas Journal (Uchenna Izundu)

http://www.ogj.com/display_article/320991/120/ARTCL/none/Trasp/1/StatoilHydro-ships-first-LNG-cargo-to-US/

StatoilHydro has delivered its first cargo of LNG from the Hammerfest liquefaction plant in Norway to Cove Point in the US. The cargo arrived on Feb. 21 and marks the first export of European LNG to the US. Cove Point is undergoing an expansion program and StatoilHydro has secured all of the new capacity.

It will acquire 10 billion cu m/year of gas capacity from 2009. Snohvit gas field is in the Norwegian Barents Sea. StatoilHydro will market a total of 4 billion cu m/year of gas at the field's full capacity.

Rune Bjørnson, StatoilHydro's executive vice president for the natural gas business area, said that he was confident that trading of LNG would become as flexible as oil—globalizing the market. Snohvit field licencees are StatoilHydro (operator) 33.5%, Petoro 30%, Total E&P Norway 18.4%, Gaz de France 12%, Hess 3.3%, and RWE Dea Norway 2.8%.



Kazakhstan eyes \$3.8bn gas pipe

Date : 26.02.2008

Source : Upstream Online

<http://www.upstreamonline.com/live/article149425.ece>

Kazakhstan is planning a new \$3.8 billion domestic gas pipeline in a bid to reduce its dependence on gas imports, Prime Minister Karim Masimov said. The pipeline is to connect the country's energy-rich west with the heavily populated south. Kazakhstan is a big oil producer but depends on gas imports from neighbouring countries such as Uzbekistan to generate electricity.

Uzbekistan sparked concern in southern Kazakhstan last month when it briefly cut flows due to higher domestic consumption. The 1500 kilometre pipeline, due to be built by 2011, will connect Beineu in the west with Samsonovka in the south and is expected to initially supply 5 billion cubic meters of gas a year and then 10 Bcm per year from 2014.

Some analysts have expressed doubt over the project's feasibility due to Kazakhstan's limited gas reserves and say it is unclear which deposits will feed the pipeline. Kazakhstan's gas reserves are estimated at 2 Tcm. Masimov said the government had yet to decide how the project would be financed. Separately he said the government would give state energy company KazMunaiGas a licence to develop the Urikhtau gas deposit with estimated reserves of 40 Bcm.

OIL



Barclays upped its projected oil price to \$137 for 2015

Date : 22.02.2008

Source : Rigzone (Kerry Laird)

http://www.rigzone.com/news/article.asp?a_id=57212

Barclays Capital, a division of Barclays Bank PLC located in the U.K., has upped its projected oil cost for the year 2015 from \$93 a barrel to \$137 a barrel after record high prices in oil futures this week. In 2006 after oil reached a 'record-high' \$75 a barrel, Barclays had made the 2015 projection of \$93 a barrel.

OIL



Venezuela and Russia exchange oil technology

Date : 26.02.2008

Source : Rigzone

http://www.rigzone.com/news/article.asp?a_id=57435

Petroleos de Venezuela, S.A. (PDVSA), through its subsidiary PDVSA Industrial, S.A., signed a technology agreement with Russia's BORETS, which contemplates the organization of a mixed company that will manufacture and assembly electrosubmersible pumping systems.

Based on this new agreement, a plant will be installed and put into service in our country to manufacture and assembly submersible equipment used in the oil and gas industry. This is considered a high added value product for the Corporation. This mixed company will be governed according to the current legal framework on the hydrocarbon sector and its partners will be Petroleos de Venezuela (60%) and BORETS (40%).

GAS



Gazprom to carry out \$110M worth of exploration in Libya

Date : 22.02.2008

Source : Rigzone (AFX News Limited)

http://www.rigzone.com/news/article.asp?a_id=57220

AO Gazprom said it will carry out about 110 mln worth of exploration work in Libya after signing a production sharing agreement (PSA) with the Libyan government, Interfax reported. The Russian energy giant will drill six production wells and carry out seismic surveys in a 1,750 square kilometre area of the country.



Petrobras named most sustainable among oil companies

Date : 25.02.2008

Source : Rigzone

http://www.rigzone.com/news/article.asp?a_id=57375

A survey carried out by Management & Excellence (M&E) acknowledged Petrobras as the world's most sustainable oil company. The company is seen as the global reference in ethics and sustainability. The analysis took 387 international indicators into account, among which reduced pollutant emissions and fewer oil leaks.

This outcome shows the company's acknowledgement and commitment to government, transparency, social and environmental responsibility issues, to investor relations, and to communications with all stakeholders.

The ranking's criterion consider adjustments made to international standards, such as those set forth by the International Labor Organization (ILO), by the UN's Global Compact, and by the Millennium Development Goals (MDG). Furthermore, the study also takes being listed in the Dow Jones Sustainability Index, in addition to the company's Social and Environmental Balance being presented pursuant to guidance provided by the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) into account.

In the latest survey, published in 2007, Petrobras had ranked second, with a total score of 89.64% and only trailing Shell (90.16%). It was the company that rose the most among all participants, and was singled out as the fastest grower among the world's biggest oil sector companies in the past three years.



China starts building second cross-country pipeline

Date : 23.02.2008

Source : Today's Zaman (AP)

<http://www.todayszaman.com/tz-web/detaylar.do?load=detay&link=134732>

China began construction of a pipeline to deliver natural gas imported from Turkmenistan in Central Asia to Shanghai and the southeast, the Xinhua News Agency reported. The 142 billion yuan (\$20 billion) project will carry gas from the Xinjiang region in China's northwest to Shanghai and the Pearl River Delta near Hong Kong.

It will be China's second cross-country gas pipeline following the construction of a system to deliver gas to Shanghai from fields in Xinjiang. Turkmenistan is building an 1,820-kilometer pipeline to deliver gas to Xinjiang.



Abu Dhabi to build 417,000 b/d refinery

Date : 26.02.2008

Source : Oil & Gas Journal

http://www.ogj.com/display_article/321134/120/ARTCL/none/Prong/1/Abu-Dhabi-to-build-417,000-b/d-refinery-at-Ruwais/

Abu Dhabi will build a 417,000 b/d refinery, further boosting existing 485,000 b/d refining capacity, reported the Emirates News Agency. Quoting Jasem Ali Sayegh, general manager of Abu Dhabi Oil Refining Co., the agency said the facility will be completed by 2013.

While still in the design phase, the new refinery will be built in Ruwais about 240 km from Abu Dhabi City, Sayegh was reported as saying. Abu Dhabi has two existing refineries: one at Ruwais with 400,000 b/d of refining capacity and a second at Um Al Nar with 85,000 b/d capacity.

An interrefinery pipeline will be built between the two Ruwais facilities, Sayegh said, “*to eliminate the need for shipments as well as to connect Ruwais and Abu Dhabi.*” Abu Dhabi’s refining capabilities are run by Takreer, which took the responsibility of refining operations from Abu Dhabi National Oil Co.



📌 OPEC Bulletin (February 2008)

Source : OPEC

Weblink : <http://www.opec.org/library/OPEC%20Bulletin/2008/pdf/OB022008.pdf>

📌 Energy Policies of IEA Countries - Austria

Source : IEA (International Energy Agency)

Weblink : <http://www.iea.org/w/bookshop/add.aspx?id=329>

❖ **GEO 2008**

8th Middle East Geoscience Conference & Exhibition

Date : March 3 – 5, 2008
Place : Bahrain – Bahrain
Website : www.geobahrain.org
Contact : Lara Bell (+973 17 550033)



❖ **New Zealand Petroleum**

2008 New Zealand Petroleum Conference: Beyond 08

Date : March 9 – 12, 2008
Place : Auckland – New Zealand
Website : www.crownminerals.govt.nz/cms/petroleum/
Contact : Ministry of Economic Development (+64 3 962 6179)



❖ **Heavy Oil Congress 2008**

World Heavy Oil Congress

Date : March 10 – 12, 2008
Place : Alberta – Canada
Website : www.petroleumshow.com/worldheavyoil/
Contact : Monte Sumner (+403 209 3552)



❖ **GASTECH 2008**

23rd International Conference & Exhibition for the LNG, LPG and Natural Gas Industries

Date : March 10 – 13, 2008
Place : Bangkok – Thailand
Website : www.gastech.co.uk
Contact : Tony Stephenson (+44 (0) 1737 855106)



❖ **Offshore Asia**

Offshore Asia Conference & Exhibition

Date : March 17 – 19, 2008
Place : Kuala Lumpur – Malaysia
Website : www.offshoreasiaevent.com
Contact : Joanie Harrington (+1 918 832 9305)



❖ **Oil Africa 2008**

3rd Sub-Saharan Oil, Gas and Petrochem
Exhibition & Conference

Date : March 17 – 19, 2008
Place : Cape Town – South Africa
Website : www.fairconsultants.com/oilafrika08.htm
Contact : Mark Burrige (+27 21 713 3360)



❖ **Latin Upstream 2008**

14th Annual Latin Upstream Conference

Date : March 18 – 19, 2008
Place : Rio de Janeiro – Brazil
Website : petro21.com/events/index.cfm?id=323
Contact : Duncan Clarke (+31 70 324 6154)



❖ **TUROGE 2008**

Turkish & Black Sea International Oil and Gas Conference

Date : March 18 – 19, 2008
Place : Ankara – Turkey
Website : www.turoge.com
Contact : Hale Corbaci (+90 212 291 83 10)

